

Realities versus data noise:

Comparing ANA across years, and to Grade 12 results and levels of poverty

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Introduction

- Current presentation focuses on two complex Annual National Assessments (ANA) issues:
 - The various pathways open to ANA going forward, and existing policy parameters.
 - Outcome of some work undertaken towards ‘District-wide ANA reports’, using 2012 and 2013 ANA data. *An official report to be made public in the coming months.*



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Brief history of ANA

- 2001, 2004, 2007: Sample-based testing within Systemic Evaluation, grades 3, 6 then 3.
- 2008: Foundations for Learning policy (Notice 306 of 2008) in many ways lays the basis for ANA.
- 2009-2010: Universal ANA testing begun on an experimental basis.



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Brief history of ANA (contd.)

- 2011 onwards: A very public ANA, with a sample-based verification element, established.
 - Mathematics and language ('home language' in grades 1 to 3, thereafter language of learning, being English for around 90%).
 - 2012: English (and Afrikaans) split into 'home language' and 'first additional language' papers. (In English, around 75% are FAL.)
 - Grade 9 begun 2012. Grades 7-8 begun in 2014 (fully in 2015).



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ANA plans and challenges

- National Development Plan...
 - Controls over the testing procedure. Principles broadly supported, but details debatable.

'Externally administer and mark the ANA for at least one primary school grade to ensure that there is a reliable, system-wide measure of quality for all primary schools. This will serve as a snapshot of the health of the system and help authorities to develop targeted interventions.' (p. 311)

- ANA reports to parents.

'The ANA results should be made accessible to parents and the community in a way that makes the data easy to interpret.' (p. 311)

- Brief reference (p. 304) to financial incentives attached to ANA. This is possible, but research also highlights certain pitfalls.



ANA plans and challenges (contd.)

- Emphasis in 'Action Plan to 2019'...
 - This is a complex, risky area. Expert opinion needed, e.g. advice already obtained from World Bank evaluator being used.
 - Measurement of systemic progress must be separated from universal testing. Different tests needed.
 - Sample-based monitoring of systemic progress needs must have external QA (Umalusi?).



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ANA plans and challenges (contd.)

- Emphasis in 'Action Plan to 2019' (contd.)...
 - Firmer policy, especially for universal ANA, should exist.
 - Production of standard reports drawing from large quantity of data collected nationally. ('Annual ANA district report' referred to in DBE annual performance plan [APP]).
 - More analysis of feedback from schools, parents, on utility of ANA.



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A few data challenges

- Combination of (a) tight timeframes, (b) little new ANA-specific staffing, (c) non-accreditation of individual learners makes it very difficult to have a complete national dataset.
- Currently, universal (97%) and verification (3%) data streams run separately, requiring merging at a later point.
- Problems such as duplicate learner IDs, or learners with more than one result per test, exist to a limited degree.



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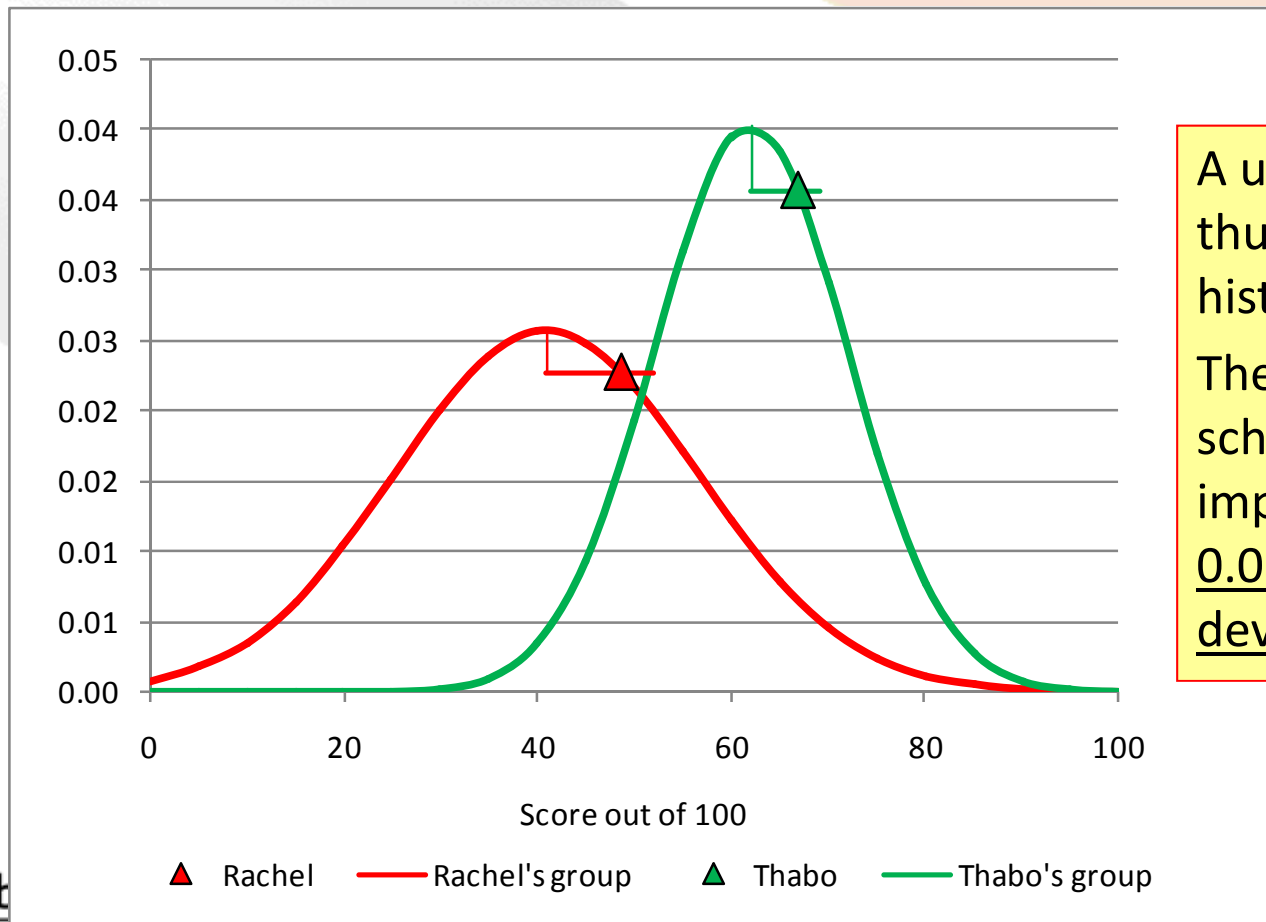
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Talking about standard deviations

Rachel got 49%
Thabo got 67%

Yet they are similar learners, because both achieved 0.7 of a standard deviation above the mean (average).



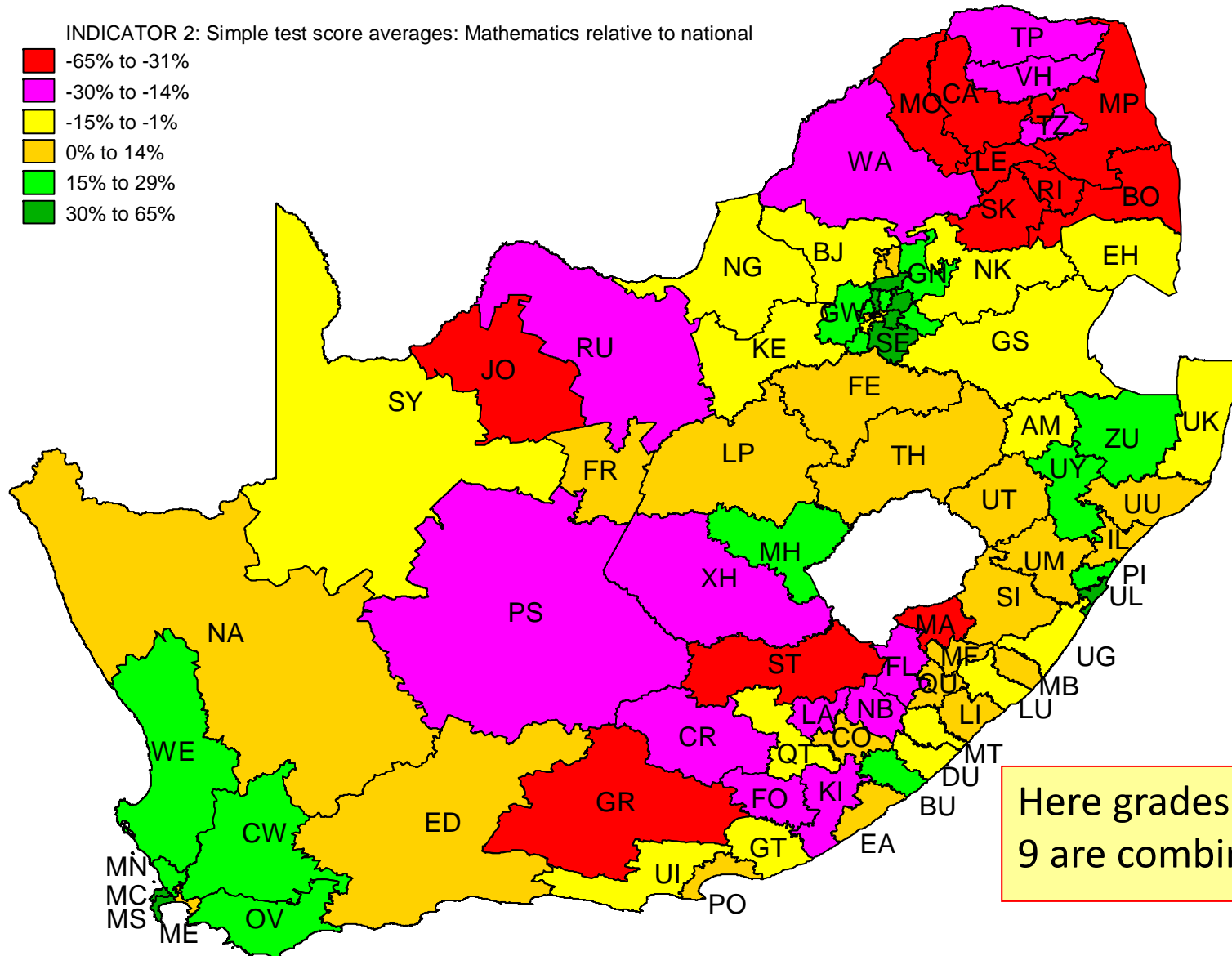
A useful rule of thumb, based on history:
The most any schooling system can improve in a year is 0.08 of a standard deviation.



Talking about standard deviations (contd.)

INDICATOR 2: Simple test score averages: Mathematics relative to national

- 65% to -31%
- 30% to -14%
- 15% to -1%
- 0% to 14%
- 15% to 29%
- 30% to 65%

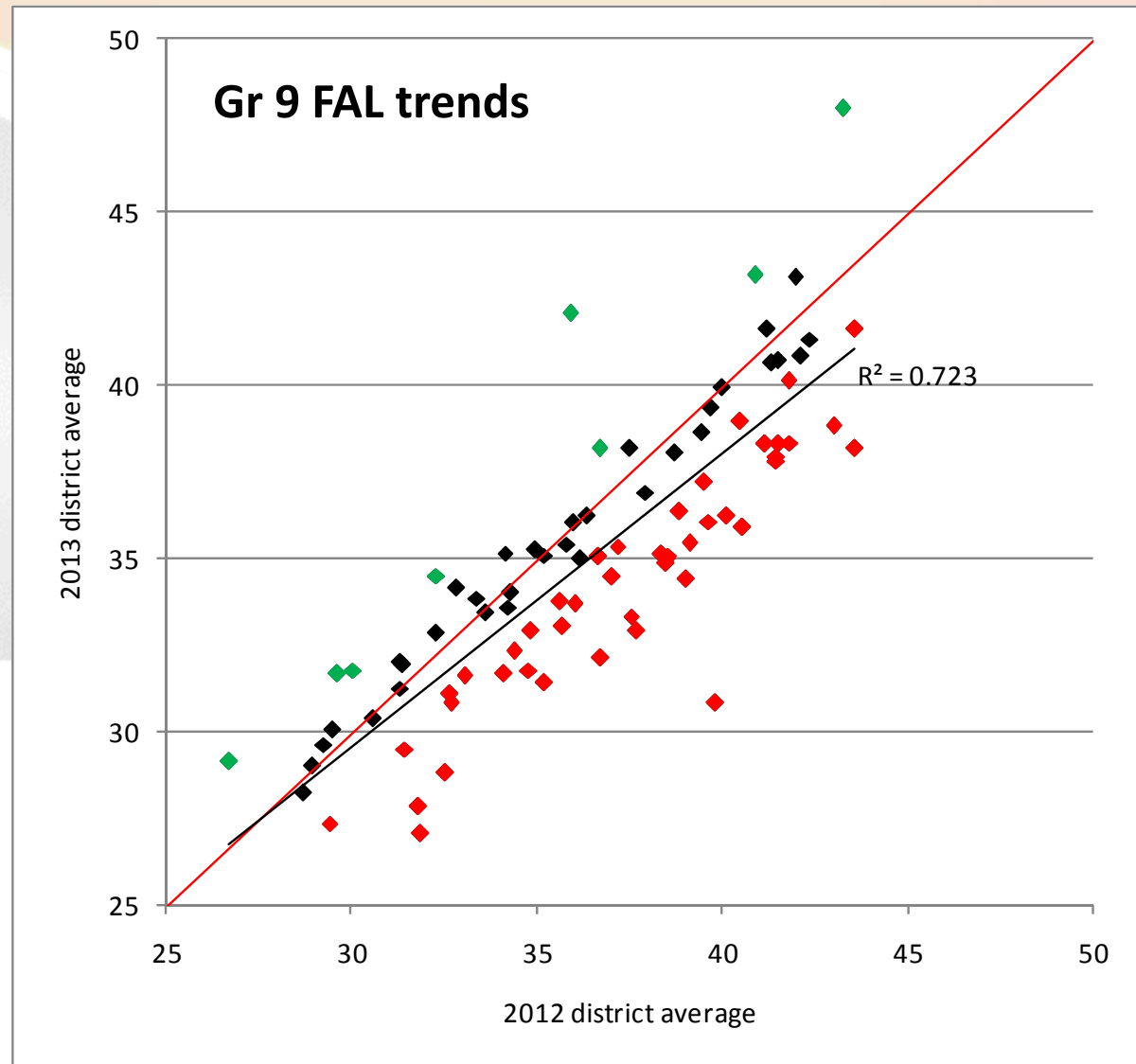


Here grades 3, 6 and 9 are combined.



Talking about standard deviations (contd.)

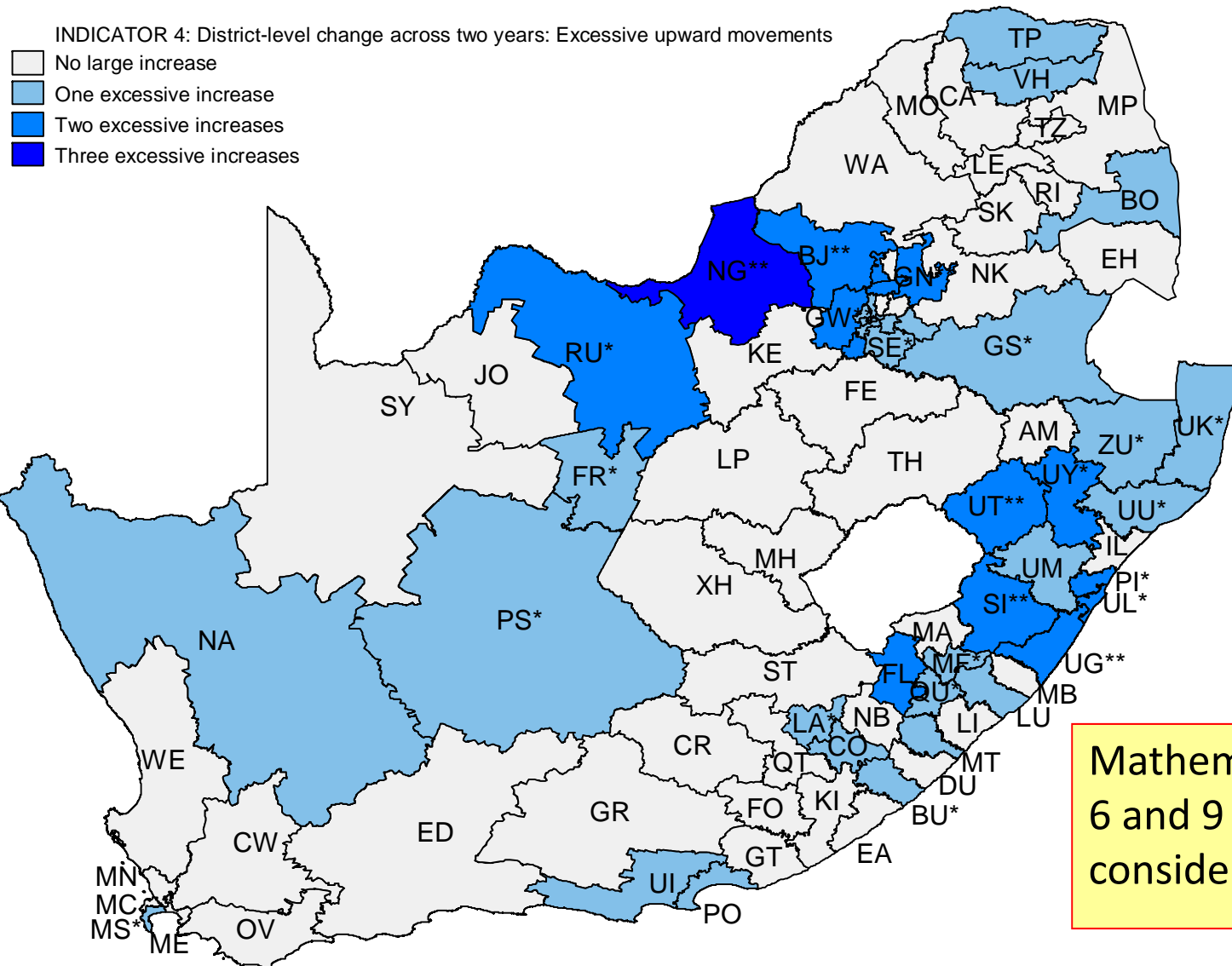
Changes between one year and the next at the district level exceeding 8% of a standard deviation are unlikely to be true.



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Talking about standard deviations (contd.)

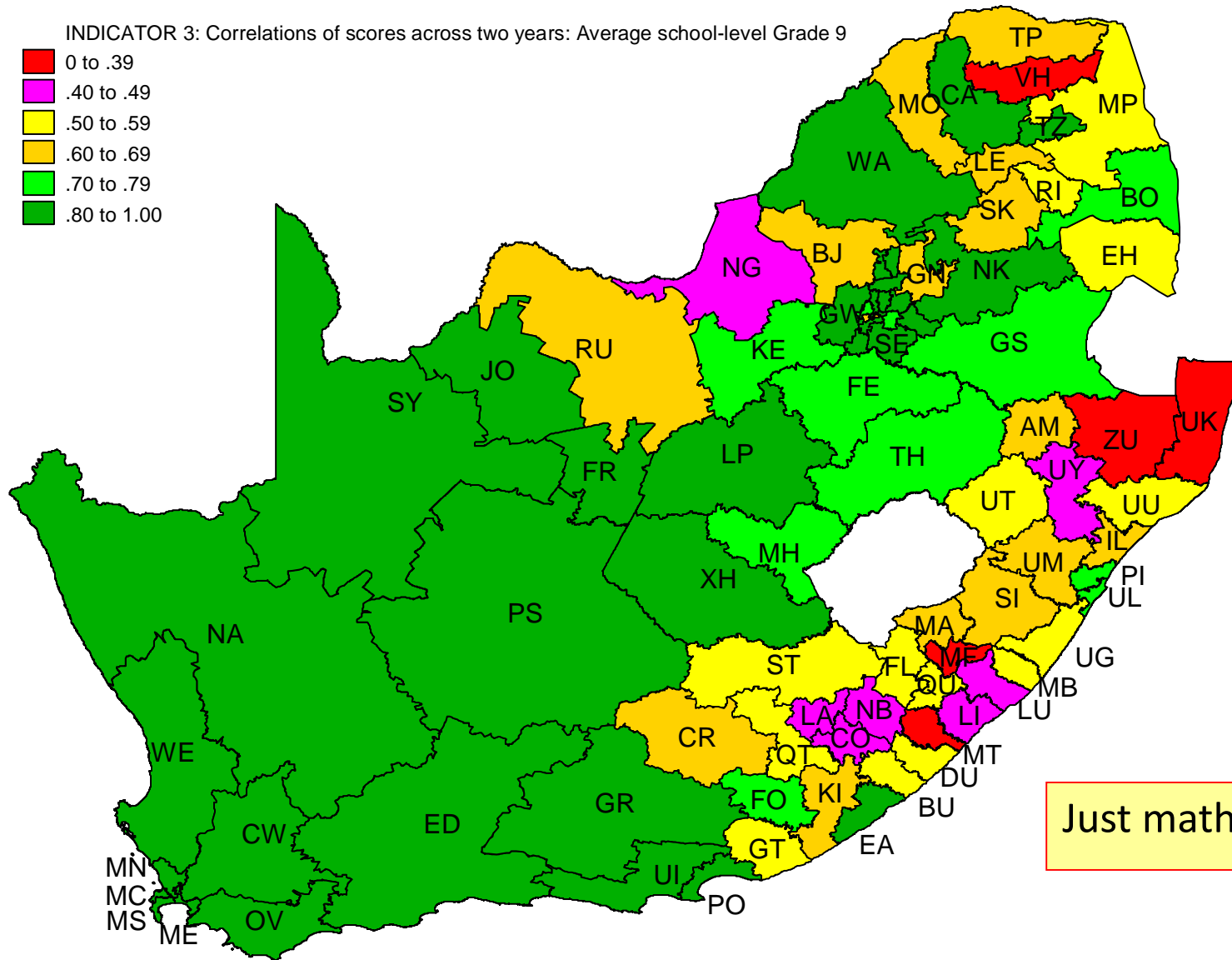
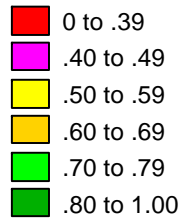


Mathematics in 3, 6 and 9 considered.



Correlations, a quality check

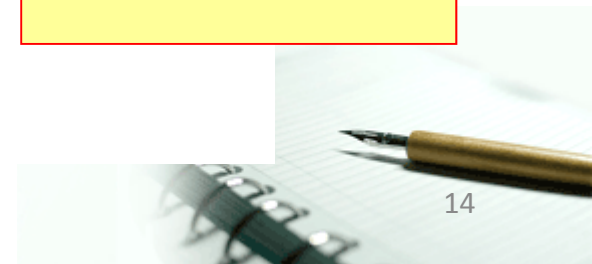
INDICATOR 3: Correlations of scores across two years: Average school-level Grade 9



Just mathematics.



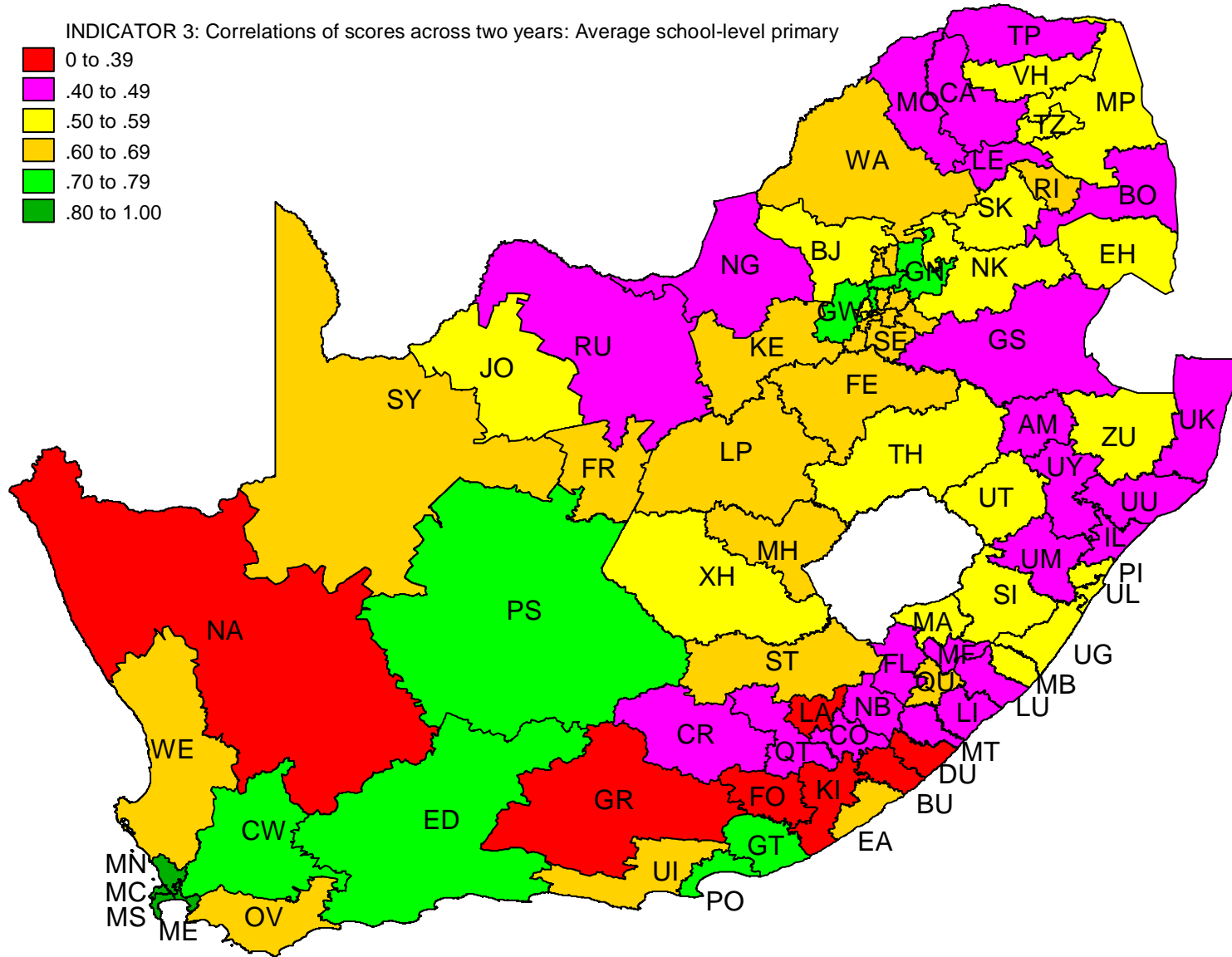
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Correlations, a quality check (contd.)

INDICATOR 3: Correlations of scores across two years: Average school-level primary

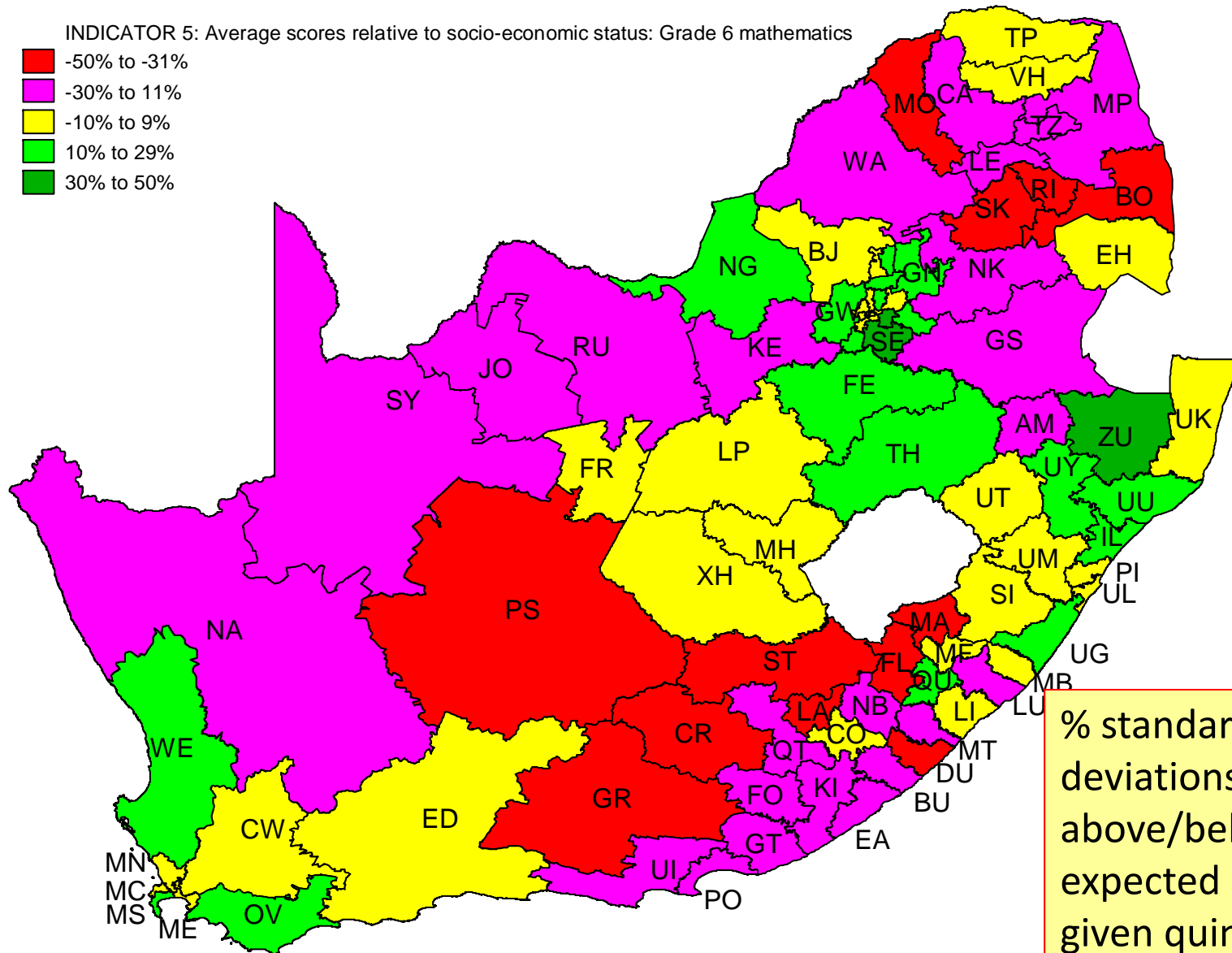
- 0 to .39
- .40 to .49
- .50 to .59
- .60 to .69
- .70 to .79
- .80 to 1.00



ANA against socio-economic status

INDICATOR 5: Average scores relative to socio-economic status: Grade 6 mathematics

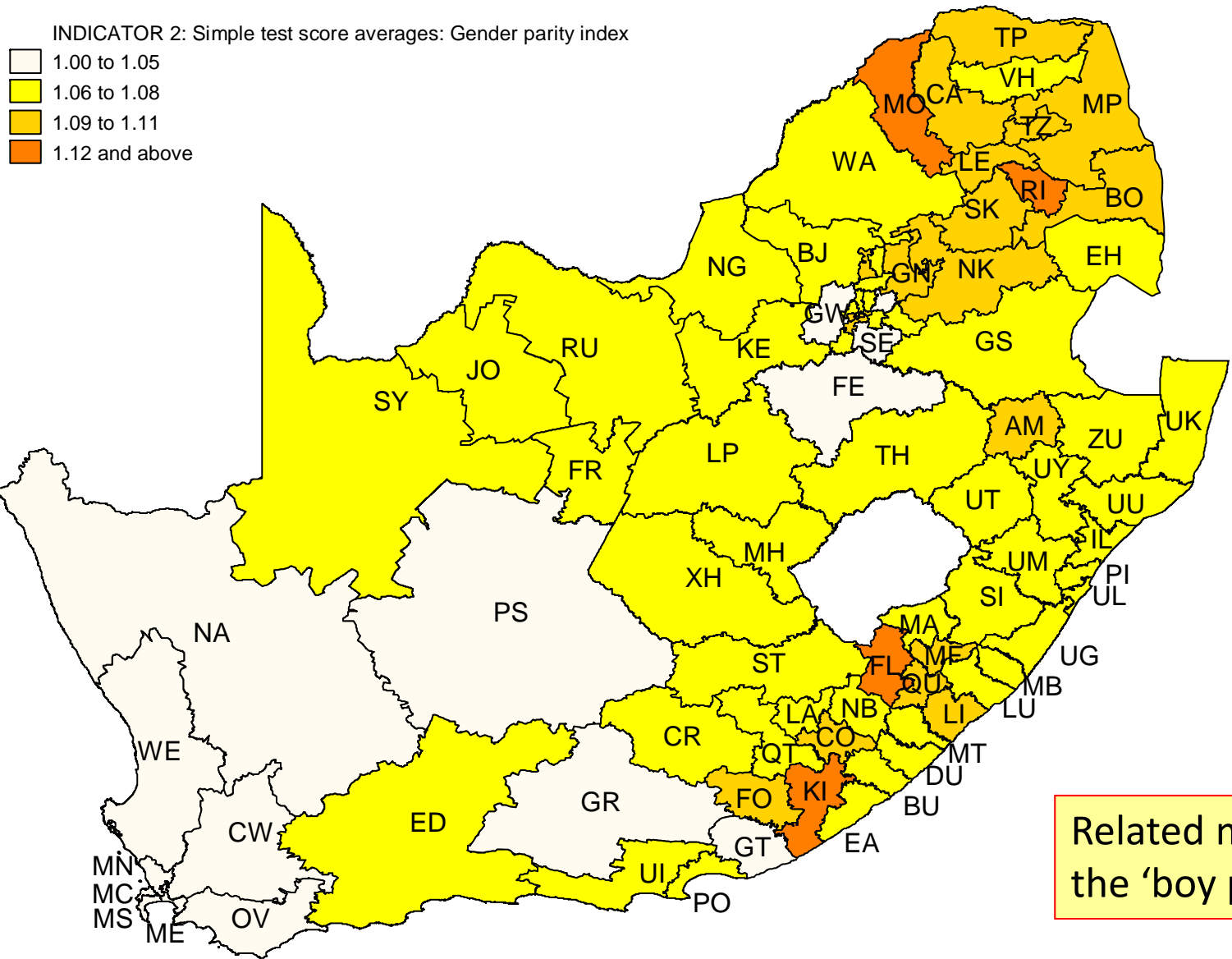
- 50% to -31%
- 30% to 11%
- 10% to 9%
- 10% to 29%
- 30% to 50%



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% standard deviations above/below expected average, given quintiles.

ANA against socio-economic status (contd.)



Related matter of the 'boy problem'.



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ANA against Matric

- Grade 9 mathematics, despite good year-on-year consistency, correlates poorly with other grades.

Table 6: Correlations at the district level for mathematics

	ANA 3 and 6	ANA 9	Gr 12 overall pass	Gr 12 mathematics I	Gr 12 mathematics II
ANA 3 and 6	1.00				
ANA 9	0.45	1.00			
Gr 12 overall pass	0.69	0.06	1.00		
Gr 12 mathematics I	0.59	0.34	0.62	1.00	
Gr 12 mathematics II	0.62	0.32	0.59	0.97	1.00

Note: The measure 'Gr 12 mathematics I' is high-level mathematics passes (70% or above) in Grade 12 in 2013, divided by all examination candidates. 'Gr 12 mathematics II' divides the same numerator by the number of 15-year olds in public ordinary schools in the district in 2008.



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Conclusion

- Stakeholders, researchers need to understand huge institutional change brought about in individual schools and within the national debates by ANA. Some is good, but there are risks.
- We desperately need to develop capacity in the area of psychometric testing, and related topics, inside and outside government!



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